

Name _____

Chapter 10 Quiz

Write the letter that corresponds to the best answer choice in the blank space provided.

- _____ 1. What does the laying on of hands in the Sacrament of Anointing of the Sick signify?
- a. forgiveness of sin
 - b. prayer for peace
 - c. coming of the Holy Spirit
 - d. Passion of Jesus
- _____ 2. What does the sprinkling of holy water on the sick person and those present during the Sacrament of Anointing of the Sick remind us of?
- a. the parting of the Red Sea
 - b. the Great Flood and Noah
 - c. Jesus' Baptism in the River Jordan
 - d. Baptism and the death and Resurrection of Jesus Christ
- _____ 3. Who may *not* receive the Sacrament of Anointing of the Sick?
- a. an infant
 - b. someone about to undergo surgery
 - c. someone suffering from alcoholism
 - d. someone suffering from mental illness
- _____ 4. What can we receive at the end of life, along with the Sacraments of Penance and Reconciliation and Anointing of the Sick, through which we complete our journey here on Earth?
- a. the Sacrament of Baptism
 - b. the Sacrament of Confirmation
 - c. the Eucharist as viaticum
 - d. the Sacrament of Matrimony
- _____ 5. In the Sacrament of Anointing of the Sick, how do we encounter Christ?
- a. as the Peacemaker
 - b. as the Lamb of God
 - c. as the Word of the Lord
 - d. as the Good Shepherd



- _____ 6. Who did Jesus give the power to forgive sins?
- a. only Saint Peter
 - b. Saint Peter and the Apostles
 - c. Saint John
 - d. all the disciples
- _____ 7. What is the name for the assurance that a priest may never reveal to anyone what he hears in the Sacrament of Penance and Reconciliation?
- a. sacramental seal
 - b. confession
 - c. reconciliation
 - d. secret pact
- _____ 8. What is the best description of “perfect contrition”?
- a. feeling remorse for your actions once you see that they have hurt others
 - b. repentance that springs purely from our love of God
 - c. participating in all of the steps of the Sacrament of Penance and Reconciliation
 - d. none of the above
- _____ 9. Which sacrament is the liturgical celebration of God’s forgiveness of sin through which the sinner is reconciled with both God and the Church?
- a. the Sacrament of Confirmation
 - b. the Sacrament of Baptism
 - c. the Sacrament of Anointing of the Sick
 - d. the Sacrament of Penance and Reconciliation
- _____ 10. Which of the following can be defined as “a change of heart, turning away from sin and toward God”?
- a. absolution
 - b. forgiveness
 - c. conversion
 - d. salvation

